

The Exodus

This stage includes Exodus, Leviticus, Numbers and Deuteronomy. It covers approximately _____ years.

There are four important men in this stage.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____

There is much to learn as we study these books. We should take note of their obedience and disobedience. Their obedience would be blessed by God, while their disobedience kept the blessings of God away.

Outline of Exodus

- I. The Exodus (Manifests God's Power) Verses 1-18
- II. The Law (Manifests God's Perfection) Verses 19-24
- III. The Tabernacle (Manifests God's Provision) Verses 25-40

Exodus

The author of this book is _____. (II Timothy 3:16)

The penman is _____.

Exodus means "_____."

Chapter 1

There is a new king in Egypt which knew not Joseph (verse 8). This takes Israel into bondage and treats them terribly. He commands the midwives of the Hebrews to kill any boys born to the Hebrew women, but let the daughters live. The midwives feared God and did not do what the king commanded. God blessed the midwives and "made them house."

Pharaoh then commanded all his people to cast every son that is born into the river and every daughter born to be saved alive.

Chapter 2

Verses 1-10

In midst of persecution, God sends a deliverer. In the first ten verses, we read of the birth of Moses and the providence of God. For three months, his mother keeps him hidden for fear of Pharaoh's command.

She then builds an ark and places him in it, but more importantly, into the hands of God. She puts the ark in the Nile River while his sister _____ stands afar off to see what would be done to him. Pharaoh's daughter finds Moses and has her maid to _____ him. She recognized him to be one of the Hebrew's children. Having compassion on him, she keeps the child as her own. Miriam comes forward and suggest to Pharaoh's daughter that she should seek for a nurse for Moses. Pharaoh's daughter tells Miriam to seek one and she gets Moses' mother.

The next thing we see is Moses grown up. He sees an Egyptian smiting a Hebrew, one of his brethren. Moses looks around and sees no witnesses, then he slays the Egyptian. He was seen by two Hebrews and it was report to Pharaoh. Pharaoh sets out to have Moses killed.

Moses flees the land, rejected by his brethren and Pharaoh's anger kindled against him. He goes to _____ and marries a Gentile bride named _____. She bears him a son and he names his son _____.

The king of Egypt dies and the children of Israel cry out to God concerning their bondage. God remember his _____ with Abraham, Isaac and Jacob.

Chapters 3-4

We read in these chapters of the call of God to Moses. Moses is busy keeping the flock of his father-in-law, Jethro. God does not call lazy people. He calls those willing to work. Moses receives his call from a _____.

Note: "The bush burned with fire, and the bush was not consumed." (Chapter 3, Verse 3) God called him out of the bush and said, "Moses, Moses." Moses replied, "Here am I."

Notice:

- A. Moses fled Egypt (2:15)
- B. Moses led the flock (3:1)
- C. Moses said, "Here am I" (3:4)

After his response, God tells him to "put off thy shoes from off thy feet for the place wheron thou standest is _____ ground."

Moses takes his shoes off, but he later puts them back on.

Note: Too many Christians hear God as He speaks to them, take off their shoes, spiritually speaking, but never puts them back on. They hear the call of God and then do nothing. A worship experience should be followed by a working experience. God is looking for people that will put their shoes back on and do something with His call.

Moses did resist this call and gave God five excuses:

1. No Ability (3:11) – God’s answer in verse 12
2. No Message (3:13) – God’s answer in verse 14
3. No Authority (4:1) – God’s answer in verses 2-9
4. No Eloquence (4:10) – God’s answer in verses 11-12
5. No Inclination (4:13) – God’s answer in verse 14

Note: Many Christians today try these same reasons for not following His call. God answers each excuse with the Scriptures.

1. No Ability – Philippians 4:13
2. No Message – 1 Corinthians 15:3-4
3. No Authority – Matthew 28:18-20
4. No Eloquence – Philippians 2:13
5. No Inclination – Philippians 2:13

God gives Moses a demonstration of His powers by showing him two things. First, his shepherd’s rod temporarily became a serpent. Secondly, his right hand became temporarily leprous.

God graciously allows _____, Moses’ brother, to go with him and be his _____. God would tell Moses what to say, then Moses would tell Aaron what to say.

God tells Moses to leave Midian and return to Egypt. For 40 years, Moses was the “Prince of Egypt” and 40 years he was a shepherd at Midian. Now it is time for him to deliver his _____. He is a kinsman redeemer.

Moses’ wife saves him from the judgment of God by circumcising their son. Forgetting to circumcise Gersham was nearly a fatal error by Moses. Remember, circumcision was a sign of the covenant.

While God had told Moses that Aaron was going with him, now He tells Aaron (Chapter 4, verse 27). Moses and Aaron go now to the children of Israel and gather the _____ together. Aaron speaks all the words that the Lord had given to Moses and the people believed.